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## One Counterexample of Shape-preserving Approximation

M. G. Pleshakov, S. V. Tyshkevich

Saratov State University, 83, Astrakhanskaya str., 410012, Saratov, Russia, pleshakovmg@mail.ru, tyszkiewicz@yandex.ru

Let  $2s$  points  $y_i = -\pi \leq y_{2s} < \dots < y_1 < \pi$  be given. Using these points, we define the points  $y_i$  for all integer indices  $i$  by the equality  $y_i = y_{i+2s} + 2\pi$ . We shall write  $f \in \Delta^{(1)}(Y)$  if  $f$  is a  $2\pi$ -periodic function and  $f$  does not decrease on  $[y_i, y_{i-1}]$  if  $i$  is odd; and  $f$  does not increase on  $[y_i, y_{i-1}]$  if  $i$  is even. We denote  $E_n^{(1)}(f; Y)$  the value of the best uniform comonotone approximation. In this article the following counterexample of comonotone approximation is proved.

**Example.** For each  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $k > 2$ , and  $n \in \mathbb{N}$  there a function  $f(x) := f(x; s, Y, n, k)$  exists, such that  $f \in \Delta^{(1)}(Y)$  and

$$E_n^{(1)}(f; Y) > B_Y n^{\frac{k}{2}-1} \omega_k \left( f; \frac{1}{n} \right),$$

where  $B_Y = \text{const}$ , depending only on  $Y$  and  $k$ ;  $\omega_k$  is the modulus of smoothness of order  $k$ , of  $f$ .

**Key words:** trigonometric polynomials, polynomial approximation, shape-preserving.

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